# TAMPER RESISTANT PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATIONS

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to the field of pharmaceutical dosage forms that are resistant to tampering and abuse.

## BACKGROUND

Pharmaceutical products are sometimes the subject of abuse. For example, a particular dose of opioid agonist may be more potent when administered parenterally as compared to the same dose administered orally. Some formulations can be tampered with to provide the opioid agonist contained therein for illicit use. Opioid agonist formulations intended for oral use are sometimes crushed or subject to extraction with solvents (e.g., ethanol) by drug abusers to provide the opioid contained therein for non-prescribed illicit use (e.g., nasal or parenteral administration).

Controlled release oral dosage forms are sought out by abusers as the crushing of the dosage form may liberate an amount of active agent otherwise intended for prolonged release (e.g., 12 to 24 hours), making it immediately available. The immediate availability upon crushing may also make controlled release dosage forms more dangerous due to the possibility of accidental overdose.

Immediate release oral dosage forms are also the subject of abuse. For example, an oral dosage form may be crushed in order to make the drug therein available for administration by an unintended route, e.g., parenterally or nasally.

There have previously been attempts in the art to control the abuse potential associated with opioid analgesics. For example, the combination of pentazocine and naloxone has been utilized in tablets available in the United States, commercially available as Talwin® Nx from Sanofi-Winthrop. Talwin® Nx contains pentazocine hydrochloride equivalent to 50 mg base and naloxone hydrochloride equivalent to 0.5 mg base. Talwin® Nx is indicated for the relief of moderate to severe pain. The amount of naloxone present in this combination has low activity when taken orally, and minimally interferes with the pharmacologic action of pentazocine. However, this amount of naloxone given parenterally has profound antagonistic action to narcotic analgesics. Thus, the inclusion of naloxone is intended to curb a form of misuse of oral pentazocine which occurs when the dosage form is solubilized and injected. Therefore, this dosage has lower potential for parenteral misuse than previous oral pentazocine formulations. A fixed combination therapy comprising tilidine (50 mg) and naloxone (4 mg) has been available in Germany for the management of severe pain since 1978 (Valoron® N, Goedecke). The rationale for the combination of these drugs is effective pain relief and the prevention of tilidine addiction through naloxone-induced antagonisms at the morphine receptor. A fixed combination of buprenorphine and naloxone was introduced in 1991 in New Zealand (Temgesic® Nx, Reckitt & Colman) for the treatment of pain.

Commonly owned U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 20090081290 is directed to opioid formulations that are resistant to crushing in attempts to liberate the drug contained therein for illicit use.

Commonly owned U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 20030068375 is directed to opioid formulations that in certain embodiments include a gelling agent in an effective amount to impart a viscosity unsuitable for administration selected from the group consisting of parenteral and nasal administration to a solubilized mixture formed when the dosage form is crushed and mixed with from about 0.5 to about 10 ml of an aqueous liquid.



There exists a need in the art for a dosage form containing a drug susceptible to abuse that is resistant to oral, parenteral and nasal abuse. In the case of opioid analgesics, there exists a need for a tamper resistant formulation that does not solely rely upon the inclusion of an antagonist in the formulation to deter abuse.

All references described herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties for all purposes.

## OBJECTS AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of certain embodiments of the present invention to provide a solid oral dosage form comprising a drug susceptible to abuse (e.g., an opioid analgesic), which is tamper-resistant.

It is an object of certain embodiments of the present invention to provide a solid oral dosage form comprising a drug susceptible to abuse (e.g., an opioid analgesic), which is subject to less oral abuse than other dosage forms.

It is an object of certain embodiments of the present invention to provide a solid oral dosage form comprising a drug susceptible to abuse (e.g., an opioid analgesic), which is subject to less parenteral abuse than other dosage forms.

It is an object of certain embodiments of the present invention to provide a solid oral dosage form comprising a drug susceptible to abuse (e.g., an opioid analgesic), which is subject to less intranasal abuse than other dosage forms.

It is a further object of certain embodiments of the present invention to provide a solid oral dosage form comprising a drug susceptible to abuse (e.g., an opioid analgesic), which is subject to less diversion than other dosage forms.

It is a further object of certain embodiments of the present invention to provide a method of treating pain in human patients with a solid oral dosage form comprising an opioid analgesic while reducing the abuse potential of the dosage form.

It is a further object of certain embodiments of the present invention to provide a solid oral dosage form comprising a drug susceptible to abuse (e.g., an opioid analgesic), which is resistant to dose dumping in the presence of alcohol.

It is another object of certain embodiments of the present invention to treat a disease or condition (e.g., pain) by administering a solid oral dosage form as disclosed herein to a patient in need thereof.

It is another object of certain embodiments of the present invention to provide a method of manufacturing an oral dosage form of a drug susceptible to abuse (e.g., an opioid analgesic) as disclosed herein.

It is another object of certain embodiments of the present invention to provide a use of a medicament (e.g., an opioid analgesic) in the manufacture of a tamper-resistant dosage form as disclosed herein for the treatment of a disease state (e.g., pain).

The above objects of the present invention and others may be achieved by the present invention which in certain embodiments is directed to a solid oral dosage form comprising a heat-labile gelling agent; a thermal stabilizer; and a drug susceptible to abuse.

In other embodiments, the invention is directed to a solid oral dosage form comprising a heat-labile gelling agent; a thermal stabilizer; a pH-modifying agent and a drug susceptible to abuse.